# WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

### **2025 REGULAR SESSION**

Introduced

## Senate Bill 33

By Senator Oliverio

[Introduced February 12, 2025; referred

to the Committee on Government Organization; and

then to the Committee on Finance]

1	A BILL to amend the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, by adding a new section,
2	designated §5A-3-64, relating to establishing the Public/Private Small Business
3	Enhancement Program to encourage small business development and growth; providing
4	definitions; providing for rule-making authority; providing for exemptions for construction;
5	and providing for a sunset date.
	Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:
	ARTICLE 3. PURCHASING DIVISION.
	§5A-3-64. Public/private small business enhancement program.
1	(a) The Public/Private Small Business Enhancement Program is hereby established and is
2	to be administered as a program within the Purchasing Division, the State Auditor, and all other
3	applicable state agencies. The program is established to encourage small business development
4	and growth.
5	(b) As used in this section the following terms have the following meanings:
6	"Affiliated" means the relationship in which a person directly, or indirectly through one or
7	more intermediaries, controls, is controlled by or is under common control with another person.
8	"Awarding agency" means a state agency with the power to contract for goods or services
9	who is participating in the program.
10	"Contract" or "contracts" means an agreement between a state agency and a vendor
11	relating to the procurement of commodities or services, or both. Government construction
12	contracts solicited pursuant to §5-22-1 et seq. are expressly exempted from the provisions of this
13	section.
14	"Control" means the power to direct or cause the direction of the management and policies
15	of any person, whether through the ownership of voting securities, by contract or through any other
16	direct or indirect means. Control shall be presumed to exist if any person, directly or indirectly,
17	owns, controls, holds with the power to vote, or holds proxies representing, 20 percent or more of
18	any voting securities of another person.

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19	"Independent" means the viability of the business does not depend upon another person or
20	entity, as determined by an analysis of the small business's relationship with any other persons or
21	entities regarding personnel, facilities, equipment, resources, or financial support.
22	"Person" means any individual, corporation, limited liability company, partnership,
23	association, joint stock company, business trust, unincorporated organization, or other entity.
24	"Small business" means an independent business, owned, or operated by one or more
25	persons who are citizens of the United States or noncitizens who are in full compliance with United
26	States immigration law, which, together with affiliates, has 250 or fewer employees, or average
27	annual gross receipts of \$10 million or less averaged over the previous three years.
28	"State agency" means any branch, department, division, authority, board, instrumentality,
29	institution, agency, spending unit, or other unit of state government with the power to contract for
30	goods or services. "State agency" does not include any local government body such as a county or
31	municipality.
32	(c) Notwithstanding any provisions of this chapter to the contrary and except as may
33	otherwise be set forth in this section, the head of each state agency shall set aside in each fiscal
34	year after July 1, 2025, for awards to small businesses, based on competitive bidding procedures,
35	at least 25 percent of the total value of all contracts let by the head of the state agency in each
36	fiscal year. All contracts below \$150,000 in total consideration shall be exclusively set aside for
37	small businesses if at least one small business competitively bids and is able to perform at a price
38	at or below fair market value. All contracts between \$150,000 and \$700,000 in total consideration
39	shall be set aside for small businesses only if two or more small businesses competitively bid and
40	are able to perform at or below fair market value.
41	(d) In calculating the percentage of contracts to be set aside under subsection (c) of this
42	section, the state agency shall exclude any contract that may not be set aside due to a conflict with
43	a federal law or regulation.
44	(e) The head of any awarding agency may, in lieu of setting aside any contract or portions

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45	thereof, require any person, business, or any other entity authorized by the agency to award
46	contracts, to set aside a portion of any contract for subcontractors who are eligible for set-aside
47	contracts under this section. Nothing in this subsection may be construed to diminish the total
48	value of contracts which are required to be set aside by any awarding agency pursuant to this
49	section.
50	(f) The awarding agency shall require that a small business awarded a contract or a portion
51	of a contract under this section perform not less than 30 percent of the work with the workforce of
52	the small business and shall require that not less than 50 percent of the work be performed by
53	small businesses eligible for awards under this section. A small business awarded a contract or a
54	portion of a contract under this section shall not subcontract with any person with whom the small
55	business is affiliated. No person who is affiliated with another person may be eligible for awards
56	under this section if both affiliated persons considered together would not qualify as a small
57	business under subsection (a) of this section. The awarding agency shall require that a small
58	business awarded a contract pursuant to this section submit, in writing, an explanation of any
59	subcontract to the contract that is entered into with any person that is not eligible for the award of a
60	contract pursuant to this section, prior to the performance of any work pursuant to the subcontract.
61	(g) The awarding agency, Purchasing Division, and State Auditor may conduct audits of
62	the financial, corporate, and business records and conduct an investigation of any small business
63	which applies for or is awarded a set-aside contract for the purpose of determining eligibility for
64	awards or compliance with the requirements established under this section.
65	(h) The provisions of this section may not apply to any state agency for which the total
66	value of all contracts or portions of contracts of the types enumerated in subsection (c) of this
67	section is anticipated to be \$100,000 annually or less.
68	(i) Whenever the awarding agency or Purchasing Division has reason to believe that any
69	contractor or subcontractor awarded a state set-aside contract has willfully violated any provision
70	of this section, the awarding agency or Purchasing Division shall send a notice to that contractor or

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71	subcontractor by certified mail, return receipt requested. The notice shall include: (1) A reference
72	to the provision alleged to be violated; (2) a short and plain statement of the matter asserted; (3)
73	the maximum civil penalty that may be imposed for the violation; and (4) the time and place for the
74	hearing. The hearing shall be fixed for a date not earlier than 14 days after the notice is mailed.
75	The awarding agency or Purchasing Division shall send a copy of the notice to the State Auditor.
76	(j) On or before April 1, 2025, the Purchasing Division shall establish a process for
77	certification of small businesses as eligible for set-aside contracts. Each certification shall be valid
78	for a period not to exceed three years, unless the Purchasing Division determines that an
79	extension of the certification is warranted, but any such extension may not exceed a period of one
80	year from the certification's original expiration date. The Purchasing Division shall maintain on its
81	website an updated directory of small businesses certified under this section. Each certified small
82	business shall file with the division a yearly statement affirming that the business still meets the
83	certification qualifications.
84	(k) The Purchasing Division may deny an application for the initial issuance or renewal of
84 85	(k) The Purchasing Division may deny an application for the initial issuance or renewal of the certification after issuing a written decision to the applicant setting forth the basis for the denial.
85	the certification after issuing a written decision to the applicant setting forth the basis for the denial.
85 86	the certification after issuing a written decision to the applicant setting forth the basis for the denial. The Purchasing Division may revoke the certification for cause after notice and an opportunity for
85 86 87	the certification after issuing a written decision to the applicant setting forth the basis for the denial. The Purchasing Division may revoke the certification for cause after notice and an opportunity for a hearing. Any person aggrieved by a decision to deny the issuance or renewal of or to revoke the
85 86 87 88	the certification after issuing a written decision to the applicant setting forth the basis for the denial. The Purchasing Division may revoke the certification for cause after notice and an opportunity for a hearing. Any person aggrieved by a decision to deny the issuance or renewal of or to revoke the certification may appeal the decision to the Circuit Court of Kanawha County or any other circuit
85 86 87 88 89	the certification after issuing a written decision to the applicant setting forth the basis for the denial. The Purchasing Division may revoke the certification for cause after notice and an opportunity for a hearing. Any person aggrieved by a decision to deny the issuance or renewal of or to revoke the certification may appeal the decision to the Circuit Court of Kanawha County or any other circuit court where the small business maintains a place of business within the state.
85 86 87 88 89 90	the certification after issuing a written decision to the applicant setting forth the basis for the denial. The Purchasing Division may revoke the certification for cause after notice and an opportunity for a hearing. Any person aggrieved by a decision to deny the issuance or renewal of or to revoke the certification may appeal the decision to the Circuit Court of Kanawha County or any other circuit court where the small business maintains a place of business within the state. (1) Whenever the Purchasing Division, State Auditor, or awarding agency has reason to
85 86 87 88 89 90 91	the certification after issuing a written decision to the applicant setting forth the basis for the denial. The Purchasing Division may revoke the certification for cause after notice and an opportunity for a hearing. Any person aggrieved by a decision to deny the issuance or renewal of or to revoke the certification may appeal the decision to the Circuit Court of Kanawha County or any other circuit court where the small business maintains a place of business within the state. (I) Whenever the Purchasing Division, State Auditor, or awarding agency has reason to believe that a small business that has applied for or received certification under this section has
85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92	the certification after issuing a written decision to the applicant setting forth the basis for the denial. The Purchasing Division may revoke the certification for cause after notice and an opportunity for a hearing. Any person aggrieved by a decision to deny the issuance or renewal of or to revoke the certification may appeal the decision to the Circuit Court of Kanawha County or any other circuit court where the small business maintains a place of business within the state. (I) Whenever the Purchasing Division, State Auditor, or awarding agency has reason to believe that a small business that has applied for or received certification under this section has included a materially false statement in his or her application, the State Auditor may impose a
85 86 87 88 89 90 91 91 92 93	the certification after issuing a written decision to the applicant setting forth the basis for the denial. The Purchasing Division may revoke the certification for cause after notice and an opportunity for a hearing. Any person aggrieved by a decision to deny the issuance or renewal of or to revoke the certification may appeal the decision to the Circuit Court of Kanawha County or any other circuit court where the small business maintains a place of business within the state. (I) Whenever the Purchasing Division, State Auditor, or awarding agency has reason to believe that a small business that has applied for or received certification under this section has included a materially false statement in his or her application, the State Auditor may impose a penalty not exceeding \$25,000 after notice and a hearing. The notice shall include: (1) A reference

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97	(m) The State Auditor shall hold a hearing prior to the revocation or denial or the imposition
98	of a penalty, unless the contractor or subcontractor fails to appear. If, after the hearing, the State
99	Auditor finds that the contractor or subcontractor has willfully included a materially false statement
100	in his or her application for certification under this subsection, the Purchasing Division shall revoke
101	or deny the certification and the State Auditor may order that a civil penalty not exceeding \$5,000
102	be imposed on the contractor or subcontractor. If the contractor or subcontractor fails to appear for
103	the hearing, the State Auditor may, as the facts require, revoke or deny the certification and order
104	that a civil penalty not exceeding \$5,000 be imposed on the contractor or subcontractor. The State
105	Auditor shall send a copy of any order issued pursuant to this subsection to the contractor or
106	subcontractor named in the order. The State Auditor may cause proceedings to be instituted for
107	the enforcement of any order imposing a civil penalty issued under this subsection.
108	(n) On or before September 1 of each year, each awarding agency setting aside contractor
109	portions of contracts under this section shall prepare a report establishing Public/Private Small
110	Business Enhancement Program goals for the next fiscal year beginning July 1. Each such report
111	shall be submitted to the Purchasing Division and published on the agency's website.
112	(o) On or before September 1 of each year and on a yearly basis thereafter, each awarding
113	agency setting aside contracts or portions of contracts under subdivision (1) of subsection (c) of
114	this section shall prepare a status report on the implementation and results of its Public/Private
115	Small Business Enhancement Program during the prior fiscal year. Each report shall be submitted
116	to the Purchasing Division on forms specified by the division and containing at a minimum: (1)
117	Details concerning the financial difference between small business bids awarded, small business
118	bids received, and all other bids received; (2) details concerning the business locations of the
119	small business bids awarded, small business bids received, and all other bids received; (3) details
120	concerning the number of employees working both within and out of this state for the small
121	business awarded contracts under this section; (4) details concerning any low bid not taken for
122	businesses which maintain a place of business in West Virginia; (5) and any other required by the

#### 123 division.

124 The Purchasing Division shall prepare a summary report covering each fiscal year and

125 submit the same to the Joint Committee on Government and Finance on or before January 1 of

- 126 each year describing the resultant costs of the program to the state government and the effect of
- 127 <u>the program upon small businesses.</u>
- 128 (p) The Department of Administration and State Auditor shall propose rules, for legislative
- 129 approval pursuant to §29A-3-1 et seq. to implement Public/Private Small Business Enhancement
- 130 Program.
- 131 (q) This section shall expire and have no further force or effect on July 1, 2028: *Provided*,
- 132 That certification applications filed before this date and binding contracts enforceable upon this
- 133 date shall remain valid and in full force and effect beyond July 1, 2028, until the certification
- 134 <u>applications and contracts are fulfilled, breached, or otherwise expire under their terms.</u>

NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to establish the Public/Private Small Business Enhancement Program to encourage small business development and growth.

Strike-throughs indicate language that would be stricken from a heading or the present law and underscoring indicates new language that would be added.